Anne polis, May 30, 1762

OLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

healthy Servant Mane who is a Stocking-aver, by Trade, and has also worked for the Plantation Business. Any Person wanting want, may have him reasonably, by an WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

Annapolis, June 1, 1767. R. MAYNARD, Staymaker, hereby in

by Thomas Addison, Jun. hong in

DIAN CORN.

ready received, and expeding, in the fift Londin, as additional SUPPLY) continues to figure of Torms, at his Medicinal STORE, in

e-Town, at his Medicinal STORE, in e-Town, Drugs and Medicines, of every Kind. and Oil, and Paints of all Sorts. I Quack, commonly called Patent Medicine, is, Schomberg's, Greenough's, &c's Nothum, inclure for the Tooth-Ach—infallible—celebrated Fever and Ague Pills, which, for tiling Number of Cures they have perforned, d Specific.

Chetts of any Price, for Masters of Vessel, orks, Negro-Quarters, and private Families, rom Doctors, and any Gentleman choofing

rom Doctors, and any Gentleman choosing thate their Negroes, may have added to the Preparatory Medicines for that Purpose, pa ofes, proper for any Age, with full and en-ns to perform the Operation, and managethe

Frederick County, April 4, 1763. Vestry of All-Saints Parith, having Author

to agree with Curates, to officiate in crent Districts in the said Parish, (one of

fy the Receipt thereof to the Vestry.

a little fometimes: He has lived in Balnty for Four Years part, and it is supposed take up towards Baltimore, or Frederick s he has fome Relations at Mr. Bennet Frederick: Had on a Fearnothing Jacket,

Colours, a blue double-breailed Under-

otton Breeches, Tow Shirt, Country Shoes

ings, a Felt Hat, and brown Wig. r takes up faid Slave, and delivers him to

receive Eight Dollars Reward, paid by PHILIP COMBS. cover this Season, at Mir. Ely Dorsey's, on

k-Ridge, a very fine DRAY HORSE, im-

m England last Summer, by Mr. Gough. Seventeen Hands high, and well made in As he was imported for no other Mo-to improve the Breed of draught Horses in

ice, he will cover at Forty Shillings the
Good Pasturage for Mares, at a mode-

way from the Elk-Rigde Furnace, a Convider Man, named WILLIAM SNOW, a-Years of Age, 2002 First Property of Age, 20

Years of Age, near Five Feet Four Inches long brown Hair, a down look, a long Nose, is whining or plaintive, and slow ich: Had on and took with him, anold

old Cotton Jacket, one new under ditto, ceves; Four Osnabrig Shirts, a Pair of

and brings him home, shall have, if taken

from said Furnace, Twenty-five Shil-Twenty Miles, Forty Shillings; if Forty

ree Pounds; and, if out of the Province of Five Pounds Reward, paid by CALEB DORSEY.

REEN, at the PRINTING-

a Year; Advertisements, 's Continuance. Long Ones ited, most kinds of BLANKS, , with their proper Bonds RINTING-WORK performed

white Yarn -Whoever apprehends faid

a Pair of

rfe Shoes.—

(4W)

thro' every Stage of the Diforder.

d Specific.

OHNBOYD

mack River, Prince-George's County, E HUNDRED BARRELS OF

s his Customers, and others, that he com Talbet County, to a House, near Ma at the Dock, where he will supply then and of STAYS, in the best and nearest and upon the shortest Notice. (44)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, UNE 1769.

M U R A T O, February 17.

0

N the 13th of this Month we had Advice, that the Regiment de la Mark, quartered on the Lands of Barbaggio, feemed to pass their Time with little Attention. Accordingly,

at Four in the Evening, the General detached 400 Men, in order to furprize that Poil the fame Night, but our Peolitated, by Reason that the Enemy had been advised, ya Spy, of our Motions, and were on their Guard. Bur People were therefore obliged to attack them, and descent to overcome them by Force, in which they our People were therefore obliged to attack them, and deavour to overcome them by Force, in which they class succeeded, after a vigorous Resistance from the trench, 100 of whom, who were in the Houses in the Heights, were made Prisoners; 160 more which were the Houses below, after an obstinate Resistance, surther Houses below, after an obstinate Resistance, surther the were conducted to San Fiorenzo, obliging themely were not of our Detachments, which was to have arrived themselves at the Passage of Tigeme, not aving Time to do it, was attacked the 15th with reat Violence by the French, who obliged them to wit the Eminences which they had taken Post on ther French Detachments cut off the Retreat of our cople, those who had conquered at Barbaggio, not ther French Detachment cut the Merchaelich, those who had conquered at Barbaggio, not nowing that the Passage of the Mountain was possess of by the Enemy, who poured down from thence, and irrounding our People, attacked them briskly with our Pieces of Cannon and Two Howbits. Our People at Barbaggio resisted the First and Second Day with te at Barbaggio refifted the First and Second Day with reat Resolution, but seeing no Possibility of holding ut for Want of Provisions and Ammunition, on the 6th in the Evening they surrendered by Capitulation, a Consequence of which they were conducted to Basia, there to remain, and the Officers to have the Town for their Prison. Our Loss, killed, wounded, and Prisoners, does not amount to 200 Men, that of the Enemy is of no small Consequence, especially, the silled and wounded.

Corpican Gazette.

illed and wounded.

WARSAW, March 4. This Moment a Courier is arrived with the News, that the Confederacy of the Patinate of Lencizia has been destroyed by the Russis; and that of the Palatinate of Plock has also met in the same Fate: So that there now only remain the

BRUSSELS, April 6. According to Advices from the rontiers of Turkey, the Tartars have penetrated in-New-Servia, and committed horrible Ravages there. age in that Province, that they have carried off 14,000 Imilies, and more than 100,000 Cattle of different Kinds. These Advices, however, which are dated the Middle of March, make no Mention of a Battle, which, according to some Gazettes, hath been sought etween the Russians and Tartars, wherein the latter it said to have obtained a complete Victory, cut to set seem 10,000 Russians, and made 20,000 Prisoners; but neither Time or Place of this Engagement is mentioned.

Brussel Gazette.

N D O N, L O March 14. It is faid that the Armaments making in pain, as well by Land as by Sea, take their Rife partfrom the Expulsion of the Spanish Governor and his letinue, and Troops from New-Orleans, and the ceded ketinue, and Troops from New-Orleans, and the ceded Territory in Louisiana, on the Missisppi; and partly from the eager Forwardness of the French to gain the entire Dominion of Corsica. The Settlements on the Missisppi were made over by the French to the Crown of Spain, in Consideration of the Part of Hispaniola which they held; and it cannot be imagined, that the Rebellion of the French at New-Orleans, against their new Sovereign, and the driving away his Officers and Forces, was brought about without some extraordinary Connivance or Instigation. For how could a small Colony dare to take such Measures, without Hopes of fading Protection from some higher Power; and if such a Collusion has been practised, it cannot but give Umbrage to the Spanish Court, and dispose it to seek Redress. The entire Possessing of Corsica, which affices the Interest of the Neapolitan State, as well as that of all the other Italian Powers, is not an indif-

sam of Money from Rome.

"According to the last Advices from Corsica, the lathitants, who are subject to the French, complain Italy of some new Taxes imposed on them; and Ge-

neral Paoli, to avail himself of this Circumstance, hath fignified to them to unite themselves with the rest of the Nation, otherwise their Possessions shall be confis-

Extract of another Letter from Leghorn, March 2.

"An English Vessel, commanded by Capt. Drummond, has anchored in this Port on her Passage from the Isle of Cyprus. The Crew relate, that in the Latitude of Corsica, they saw Five Ships of War of the same Nation. Other Advices inform, that 4000 Troops belonging to a certain Power, had landed in that 1st and in order to join Paoli, and that the said Chief having resolved to attack the French with Vigour, had ordered all the Inhabitants, of every Degree whatsoever, to range themselves immediately under his Banners."

ners."

April 3. Some People will have it, that there is really an Intention of a Change in some Departments of the Ministry, but that they cannot as yet fix on the proper Persons.

A Letter from Paris, dated March 27, says, "The Sieur de Bourgainville lately returned to St. Malo, on board of one of the Frigates which he commanded, and is fince arrived here. He says he has discovered an Island in the South Sea hitherto unknown, but very Island in the South Sea hitherto unknown, but very extensive, fertile, and populous. He has brought home one of the Inhabitants, who is said to be a Person of Understanding, and to have some Knowledge of Astro-

We hear from Leghorn, that a great Number of Sar-dinian Soldiers had deferted, and found Means to join General Paoli, who was meditating a grand Blow a-

General Paoil, who was meditating a grand Blow argainst the French.

April 4. We are informed that the quadruple Treaty of Alliance, lately signed by the Kings of Prussia, France, and Spain, and the Queen of Hungary, contains Nothing prejudicial to the Interests of Great-British

April 5. It is confidently reported, that the Right Hon, the Lord Chief Justice Mansfield is shortly to resign, and that Sir Fletcher Norton, as present Chief Justice in Eyre, will be appointed Lord Chief Justice

of the King's-Bench, in his Stead.

Yesterday Morning several Agents for the Colonies attended the Levee of the Earl of Rochford, on Affairs relative to the commercial Interests of Great-Britain and North-America.

and North-America.

Orders are dispatched to the Commanders of the Men of War on the American Station, particularly to the Northward, to-keep a sharp Lookout against the smuggling of foreign European Goods; great Cargoes of which are said to be shipped in France on board their Fishermen, to be sold to the English on the Coast of Newsoundland, Nova-Scotia, and Cape Breton.

By Letters from Leghorn, we learn, that Gen. Paoli has lately received a large Supply of Ammunition and Money, by some Dutch Ships from the Subjects of a certain Power, which has not hitherto appeared inclined to interest itself in the Behalf of those brave Islanders; and that the Corsican Troops, with the Sardinian and Italian Deservers, amount to 11,000 effecdinian and Italian Deserters, amount to 11,000 effec-

dinian and Italian Delerters, amount to 11,000 check tive Men.

April 8. Yesterday Bets amongst the Quality at the West End of the Town, were 500 l. to 400 l, that Mr. Wilkes will have a free Pardon before the Expiration of this Month.

It is currently reported among the Household, &c. that their Majesties will visit their German Dominions this Summer; but that their Stay will be of short-Duration.

ration.

A Rumour again prevails at the West End of the Town, that a speedy Pardon will be granted to a popular Gentleman, in whose Behalf many powerful Intercessions are now making.

April 11. Saturday the Bets at the West End of the Town, were 300 Guineas to 200, that Mr. Wilkes, upon the Close of the Poll, will be 200 a-Head of the Two other Candidates; and that Capt. Roche will be 100 a-Head of Col. Luttrell this ensuing Election at Brentford; and that he will be the sitting Member.

A Captain of a Government Sloop has informed the Ministry, that, while he was in the Bay of Cadiz, a French Ship in Distress came in, to repair, which had got no less than 900 Soldiers on board, none of whom the Commander permitted to go on Shore. Their Destination was not known, neither was their Design to be learned. The above Officer less the Port before the Destination was not known, neither was their Design to be learned. The above Officer left the Port before the Frenchman was resitted, and, after having sailed a sew Leagues to the North-West, he; sell in with Three other French Vessels, whom he found to be Consorts of the other, and which had the like Number of Soldiers on board; he hailed them, and enquired whither they were bound, but received no Answer. Respecting this Intelligence, it is said, the Ministry are somewhat perplexed; and that they have referred it to the Consideration of a certain Roard, the Result of which Deliberation will soon be disclosed.

The Earl of Chatham mends in Health every Day. The Earl of Chatham mends in Health every Day.

The Earl of Chatham mends in Health every Day. It is faid that he has declared his Sentiments on the Case of the County of Middlesex, which, he says, is the Cause of the whole Nation, and the most constitutional Point that has yet been agitated.

It is rumoured, that a British Squadron will soon appear in the Baltick.

According to Letters from the Hague, the Dutch are now fitting out a Number of Ships of the Line.

The Brussel's Gazette of April 6; received this Day, has the following Article, dated Paris, March 31. A Report prevails, that the English Ministry propose to

deliver up Canada to France, for the Sum of Twenty-Millions

April 13. Monday last a Party of the Guards marched from their Quarters at Brentford to Town, on Account of the Election coming on this Day.

This Morning came on the Election of a Knight of the Shire for the County of Middlesex, when the Voice of the Freeholders were so iterenous for John Wilkes, Est: that we are since informed by was almost unasi. Esq; that we are fince informed he was almost unani-mously re-elected.

A LIST of the MERCHANTS and TRADESMEN who figured the ADDRESS, presented to his Majesty on the 22d of March last.—[For the Address, see the Maryland Gazette of the 18th Ult. No. 1236.]

A. P. Ch. Algehr, Lancelot Andrews, Arthur Aid, Alex. Anderson, Luke Alder, Anthony Andre, Jacob Albert, James Anderson, John Aird, Thomas Allen, George Abel, Thomas Adams, John Anderson, W. Anderson, David Andre, Robert Altham, Thomas Allen, J. Lewis Andre, Peter Andrews, William Adams, James Allardus, Hugh Atkins, William Archer, Latham Arnold, James Abernethy, Tho. Asherwood, Isaac Jos. Alvares David de Aguilar, Eph. de Aguilar, John Amyand, John Alexander, Thomas Ansted, Michael Atwell.

B. Elias Brownsword, Roger Boehm, Henry Bon-ham, Thomas Barklay, Jos. Barker, John Blackburn, Robert Bird, Thomas Boehm, Alex. Baxter, Daniel Booth, Gustavus Brander, Guy Bryand, J. L Black-man, Edward Batson, William Black, Thomas Bell, man, Edward Batson, William Black, Thomas Bell, John Bell, John Borzin, William Bowden, Jos. Bradney, John Buchanan, John Barker, I homas Burdett, E. Boehm, jun. Edward Burn, N. Ballentin, John Backholtz, Thomas Brown, Jos. Barr, Alex. Brander, Richard Brown, Edward Briggs, William Briggs, Edward Bull, John Bell, Anto. Belches, Haac koberdieu, Richard Bristow, Jos. Boyler, J. Bosanjuet, John Beecher, John Bird, jun. John Boyderl, Peter Berthon, B. Beurcke, James Boydell, John Barton, Usac Rogis, L. Bradford. Thomas Brown, L. Peter Isaac Bogis, J. Bradford, Thomas Brown, J. Peter Blaquiers, Daniel Bayne, C. Bellamy, William Borry, Peter Broadley, Charles Barrow, John Brigge, John Baker, Tho. Broughton, C. Best, John Buckholm, Samuel Blount, William Bythesca, James Beachcroft, R. P. Beachcroft, William Bedell, Thomas Barbaud, Robert Bell, John Le Breton, J. F. Bull, Barbaud, Robert Belly John Le Breton, J. F. Bull, Richard Bradley, Charles Buxton, William Buxton, John Brogden, William Baynes, James Balmer, Jofde Baufre, Robert Bell, John Black, Daniel Baynes, H. Crab Boulton, Samuel Bosworth, John Berney, Nath Bishop, Robert Bursoot, W. G. Barritton, John Baily, Geo. Brookibank, Jos. Burch, Thomas Barry, Jos. Bevan.

C. John Cornwall, Peter du Cane, Peter du Cane, jun. Percerrine Cust. Phineas Cores, Jukes Couiton,

jun. Peregrine Cust, Phineas Cores, Jukes Coulion, James Christie, John Cruickshank, Jesiah Corrin, John Cottin, Robert Carr, Alexander Cottin, Henry Cranke, James Calvert, Charles Crockatt, Richard Cooke, Thomas Chance, Fred. Commerce, Richard Clay, J. N. Cousmaker, James Cockburn, Geo. Cummings, Jonas Cockerton, John Calvert, Geo. Capadoce, Duncan Clerck, Alex. Cummings, Abraham de Castro, Isaac Mendes da Costa, James Cuthbert, N. Cavanaugh, Thomas Cooper, William Callon, W. Clark; jun. John Coles, Ph. Constable, J. S. Culpaper, Han. Mendes da Costa, Duncan Cambel, William Campbell, William Crawford, Mat. Claremount, William Cowper, William Cooke, Samuel Cortisos, H. Clarke, sen. H. Shute Cox, John Cookson, J. Calvert, jun. Charles Cotes, James Calvert, John Corrie, Thomas Cogan, V. Cormick, Eliezer Chater, Lewis Chauvet, William Cooper, John R. Lecointee, Cadwal. Coker, John Crewfe, Thomas Crawford.

D. Andrew Devisme, Edward Dobson, Edward Darrell, Peter Duval, James Dalbie, John Davidson, William Dalmer, John liam Duncan, Robert Darrel, Edward Davis, Charles Dingley, Jof. Dalmer, Henry Douglas, Alex. Donald-Dingley, Jof. Dalmer, Henry Douglas, Alex. Donaldfon, Ph. N. Devisme, Lewis Duval, John Duval,
jun. Cha. Dumbelton, Alex. Davidson, Fred. Dutems, Hugh Davidson, Samuel Dyson, W. Davidson,
Thomas Dennes, Nicholas Dickson, Robert Dingley,
Elie Dyson, Ch. Digby, sen. Jos. Dedier, J. B. Durand, Abraham Dyson, William Darling, George
Dealtry, James Dixson, James Donaldson, Thomas
Davis, William Darby, Francis Dillot, William
Davy, Peter Devisme, Matt. Dickson, William
Dalziel.

Dalziel.
E. John Elliot, Tho. Ewer, Henry Evans, David Elliot, Edw. Ellicot, R. Elliot, Geo. Elliot, Jos. Embden, John Edie, John Hen. Ernst.
F. Fred. Phi. Fatio, Tho. Fenn, John Fisher, John Free, Wm. Farquin, Geo. Farmer, John Fraser, Jas. R. French, Simon Fraser, Edw. Forster. Nath. Free, Geo. Faerholm, Grayh. Frank, Hen. Fletcher, Geo. Friend, Mos. Franks, Wm. Field, Aaron

at present supplied) hereby give Netice, Clergyman of the Church of England, that well recommended, upon Application, fall d to a Salary of One Hundred and Fifer ommon Money, exclusive of Perquistes .it Disappointments, those who apply, as correspond by Letter, to either Mr. They George Murdock, in Fredrick-Town, who JOSEPH WOOD, Register. away from the Subscriber, living in 8%. n's County, near Leonard-Town, the 24th Larch last, a likely Country-born Negroted JACOB, about 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches ears of Age, is of a finiling Countenance,

onfederacies of Great-Poland and that of Bar. HAMBURGH, March 27. Letters from Petersburgh dvife, that the Land Forces which the Empress of lustia actually has on Foot, including the Militia, mount to about 600,000 Men.

We are assured that they have burnt almost every Vil-ige in that Province, that they have carried off 14,000

that of all the other Italian Powers, is not an indifferent Matter to Spain; and we need not wonder to
fee her putting herfelf in a Condition to support the
lalian League, if Occasion should require it.

Extrast of a Letter from Legbern, Feb. 17.

"The English Frigate the Bolus is just sailed from
this Port with Two English Merchantships of the same
Smion. These Three Vessels have on board 63 Bulckts, a Quantity of Biscuits, about 300 Chests of Fusit, Ammunition, Gunpowder, and a large Sum of
Money. At their Departure they said they were going to Port Mahon; we have no Doubt, however, but
that the whole is destined for Corsica, being Succours
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